## Listeria

| Sources                                                                 | • Unpasteurized (raw) milk and dairy products.  
|                                                                      | • Soft cheese made with unpasteurized milk, such as queso fresco, feta, Brie, Camembert.  
|                                                                      | • Raw fruits and vegetables (such as sprouts).  
|                                                                      | • Ready-to-eat deli meats and hot dogs.  
|                                                                      | • Refrigerated pâtés or meat spreads.  
|                                                                      | • Refrigerated smoked seafood.  
|                                                                      | • Be aware that Hispanic-style cheeses made from pasteurized milk, such as queso fresco, have caused *Listeria* infections, most likely because they were contaminated during cheese-making. |
| Incubation period                                                     | 7 to 70 days |
| Symptoms                                                              | *Listeria* can cause fever and diarrhea similar to other foodborne germs, but this type of *Listeria* infection is rarely diagnosed. |
|                                                                      | Symptoms in people with invasive listeriosis, meaning the bacteria has spread beyond the gut, include:  
|                                                                      | • For pregnant women: fever, fatigue and muscle aches. Pregnant women may also have no symptoms but experience fetal death, pre-term labor, or infection of the newborn.  
|                                                                      | • For all others, stiff neck, confusion, loss of balance, and convulsions in addition to fever and muscle aches. |
| Duration of illness                                                   | Days to weeks |
| Who is at risk                                                       | • Adults age 65 and older  
|                                                                      | • Pregnant women and their newborns  
|                                                                      | • People whose immune systems are |

*Listeria*
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What to do</th>
<th>For invasive listeriosis, antibiotics given promptly can cure the infection. In pregnant women, antibiotics are given to prevent infection in the unborn baby.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Prevention | - Do not drink raw (unpasteurized) milk, and do not eat soft cheeses made with it, such as queso fresco.  
- Heat hot dogs, cold cuts, and deli meats to an internal temperature of 165°F or until steaming hot before eating.  
- Eat cut melon right away or refrigerate it.  
- People at higher risk **should not eat** the following foods:  
  - Refrigerated pâtés or meat spreads from a deli or meat counter or from the refrigerated section of a store  
  - Refrigerated smoked seafood, unless it is canned or shelf-stable or it is in a cooked dish, such as a casserole  
  - Raw or lightly cooked sprouts of any kind  
  - Soft cheese, such as queso fresco, queso blanco, panela, brief, Camembert, blue-veined, or feta, unless labeled as made with pasteurized milk  
- People at higher risk should be aware that Hispanic-style cheeses made from pasteurized milk, such as queso fresco, have caused *Listeria* infections, most likely because they were contaminated during cheese-making. |